American West – Key Dates for Government Policies and Conflict with the Plains Indians

Test of Key information:

- 1. Behind which river were all the Indians living in the Eastern states of the USA relocated in 1830?
- 2. Which new law established the principle of reservations to relocate Indians in order to move them from land white settlers now wanted? In which year was this passed?
- 3. Give one consequence of the 1851 Fort Laramie treaty.
- 4. Which conflict with an Indian tribe was trigged by corrupt reservation management and the fact the Indians were starving?
- 5. Which two conflicts with Indian tribes were caused by the discovery of gold on Indian Territory?
- 6. In which decade were all three of the above conflicts fought in?
- 7. Which President brought in a Peace policy to try and improve conditions on the reservations?

- 8. In 1868 the 2nd Fort Laramie Treaty was agreed. Give two terms of this treaty.
- 9. Which battle in 1876 saw Custer (a General in the US army) and his men wiped out when they attacked a tribe of Sioux Indians?
- 10. After 1876 the attitude of the government towards the Indians was 'assimilate or die'. What does this mean?
- 11. What did the Indians dancing the Ghost Dance in 1890 hope it would achieve?
- 12. Describe briefly the events of the Wounded Knee Massacre.

Bonus Questions:

- 13. Define the idea of 'Manifest Destiny.'
- 14. What was invented in 1874 that made it much easier and cheaper for Homesteaders to protect their crops and animals?
- 15. Who sent up the Cowtown of Abilene?